DAV PUBLIC SCHOOL, DVC, MTPS HOLIDAY HOME ASSIGNMENT

CLASS-VIII SUBJECT- ENGLISH M.M-20

LITERATURE

1.	Answer	the	folloy	wing	questions in	30-40	words.	(2x3=6)
.		uic	TOHO	** 1115	questions in	JUTU	WUI US.	(2 AJ-0)

- a. How did the digging of beds for the hermit turn out to be a boon for the king?
- b. Do you agree that poet Ruskin Bond loved his grandmother? Give textual references to justify your opinion.
- c. How did the poet APJ Abdul Kalam's mother act as a source of inspiration to him?

GRAMMAR

2. Read the following conversation and then report what was said by completing the following passage. (4)

WRITING	(4)
replied that he was a stranger who d)	treat.
years ago. At this, the manager asked the boy c)	The boy
boy told the manager that he had no father and added b)	two
The manager asked the boy a)	Puzzled, the
Boy: He was a stranger who brought me for a treat.	
Manager: Who came here with you?	
Boy: I have no father. He died two years ago.	
Manager: Where is your father?	

3. Imagine yourself that you are Pranay, a teenaged son who caused your mother to run through a painful condition because of your incessant and unreasonable demands. Now you are able to realize yourself that your mother can no longer cope with your 'defiant' and 'disrespectful' disposition. Pen down your feelings in the page of a diary taking clues from your English Reader Book – Changing Times.

ACTIVITY (6)

Make something creative as a gift for your mother.

D.A.V. PUBLIC SCHOOL, DVC, MTPS

SESSION: 2024-2025

HOMEWORK FOR SUMMER VACATION

CLASS: VIII SUBJECT: BENGALI

- ১) মন্তব্যঃ কতিপয় পদ গমন করিলে শকুন্তলার গতিভঙ্গ হইল। যুক্তি ঃ একটি মাতৃহীন হরিণ শিশু তাহার অঞ্চল ধরিয়া টানিতেছ।
- ii) মন্তব্য শুদ্ধ , যুক্তি অশুদ্ধ i) মন্তব্য , যুক্তি উভয় শুদ্ধ
- iv) মন্তব্য , যুক্তি উভয় অশুদ্ধ iii) মন্তব্য অশুদ্ধ , যুক্তি শুদ্ধ





- i) উপন্যাস ii) ছোটগল্প iii) নাটক iv) প্রবন্ধ
- ৩) মন্তব্য (ক) ঃ আমরা বনবাসী বটে , কিন্তু লৌকিক ব্যাপারে নিতান্ত অভিজ্ঞ নয়। মন্তব্য (খ) পরিচারিণীদের সঙ্গে প্রিয় সখীর ন্যায় ব্যবহার করিব।
 - মন্তব্য (ক) ঠিক মন্তব্য (খ) ভুল 💮 ii) মন্তব্য (ক) ও মন্তব্য (খ) উভয় ভুল i)
 - ।ii) মন্তব্য (ক) ভুল মন্তব্য (খ) ঠিক iv) মন্তব্য (ক) ও মন্তব্য (খ) উভয় ঠিক ii)



- ৪) অন্নদার আত্মপরিচয় পদাংশটি কোন মঙ্গল কাব্যের অন্তর্গত ?
 - i) মনসা মঙ্গল ii) ठखी মঙ্গল iii) অন্নদা মঙ্গল iv) ধর্ম মঙ্গল
- ৫) দেবী অন্নপূর্ণা হরিহোড়ের বাড়ি ছেড়েছিলেন কেন?
- i) অর্থের অভাবে ii) সপত্নী কলহে iii) পুজা পাওয়ার জন্য iv) দেবীর মাহাত্ম প্রচারের জন্য
- ৬) মা শিশুকে চাঁদ দেখাচ্ছেন—এখানে 'দেখাচ্ছেন' কোন ক্রিয়া পদের উদাহরণ?
- i) নামধাতুজ ক্রিয়া ii) যৌগিক ক্রিয়া iii) সংযোগমূলক ক্রিয়া iv) প্রযোজক ক্রিয়া

- ৭) মন্তব্য (ক) ঃ বাক্যে অর্থের প্রকাশের দিক দিয়ে ক্রিয়া কে দুই ভাগে ভাগ করা যায়।
 মন্তব্য (খ) ঃ ভাগ গুলি হল সমাপিকা ক্রিয়া, অসমাপিকা ক্রিয়া।
 - i) মন্তব্য (ক) ঠিক (খ) ভুল ii) মন্তব্য (ক) ও মন্তব্য (খ) দুটি ঠিক
 - iii) মন্তব্য (ক) ভুল মন্তব্য (খ) ঠিক iv) মন্তব্য (ক) ও মন্তব্য (খ) দুটি ভুল
- ৮) ধাতুকে কয়টি ভাগে ভাগ করা যায়?
- i) দুটি ii) চারটি iii) পাঁচটি iv) তিনটি
- ৯) মন্তব্য (ক) ঃ শব্দের সাথে " আ" প্রত্যয় যোগে গঠিত ধাতুকে নামধাতু বলে । মন্তব্য (খ) ঃ যে ধাতুকে আর ভাঙা যায় না ,তাকে মৌ্লিক ধাতু বলে ।
- i) মন্তব্য (ক) ও (খ) দুটি ভুল ii) মন্তব্য (ক) ভুল মন্তব্য (খ) ঠিক
- iii) মন্তব্য (ক) ও মন্তব্য (খ) দুটি ঠিক iv) মন্তব্য (ক) ঠিক ও মন্তব্য (খ) ভুল
- ১০) ক্রিয়া পদকে বাক্যের ----- বলে।
- i) আত্মা ii) দেহ iii) মেরুদণ্ড iv) মাথা

প্রকল্প ঃ ক্রিয়াপদের বিভিন্ন ভাগগুলি সুন্দর ভাবে চার্ট পেপারে লিখবে।

D.A.V. PUBLIC SCHOOL, D.V.C, M.T.P.S, BANKURA

HOLIDAY HOME ASSIGNMENT

Class-VIII	Subject-Hin	di			
1.किस वर्ण के स्थान पर अनुस्वार का प्रयोग किया जाता है ?					
2.निम्नलिखित में से किस वर्ण में प	ादेन का प्रयोग	नहीं किया जाता ?			
(i) ट (ii) क	(iii) र	(iv) ह			
3. निम्नलिखित स्तंभ (1) वाले संज्ञ	। शब्दों को स्तंश	म (॥) वाले संज्ञा के उचित भेदों से मिलाइए:-			
स्तंभ -।		स्तंभ-॥			
i) अरावली		अ) भाववाचक संज्ञा			
ii) विद्वता		आ) जातिवाचक संज्ञा			
iii) देव		इ) द्रव्यवाचक संज्ञा			
iv) ਜੇਕ		ई) व्यक्तिवाचक संज्ञा			
क) (i)-(आ) , (ii)-(ई) , (iii)-(ξ) , (iv)-((आ)				
ख) (i)-(ई), (ii)-(अ), (iii)-(आ), (iv)-(इ)					
ग) (i)-(आ), (ii)-(इ), (iii)-(ई), (iv)-(अ)					
घ) (i)-(इ), (ii)-(ई), (iii)-(अ), (iv)-(आ)					
4. (i)रिक्त स्थान की पूर्ति उचित विकल्प द्वारा कीजिए:-					
जहांँ उपमेय और उपमान की अधिक समानता दिखाने के लिए उपमेय में उपमान का अभेद आरोप किया जाता है, वहांँ अलंकार होता है।					
(क) यमक अलंकार		(ख)रूपक अलंकार			
(ग)मानवीकरण अलंकार		(घ)उत्प्रेक्षा अलंकार			

- (ii) 'चरण-कमल बंदौ हिर राई। जाकी कृपा पंगु गिरि लंधै।' इस काव्य-पंक्ति में प्रयुक्त अलंकार का चयन दिए गए विकल्प में से कीजिए:-
- (क) रूपक अलंकार

(ख)मानवीकरण अलंकार

(ग) यमक अलंकार।

(घ) उत्प्रेक्षा अलंकार

5. निम्नलिखित वाक्य में क्रिया पद तथा उनके भेद दिए गए विकल्प में से छाँटिए:-

अध्यापक महोदय चले गए।

(क) महोदय- सकर्मक क्रिया ।

(ख) चले गए -नामधात् क्रिया ।

(ग) चले गए -अकर्मक क्रिया

(घ)चले गए -पूर्वकालिक क्रिया।

6.'उपवन'शब्द का समान अर्थ वाला उचित विकल्प छांँटकर लिखिए:-

(क) नाग, वाटिका।

(ख) उद्यान,वाटिका।

(ग) जंगल, चीर ।

(घ) वनराज, वनाधिपति।

7.पठित पाठ के आधार पर स्पष्ट कीजिए कि गांधी जी छोटी-छोटी चीज़ों का भी ध्यान रखते थे।

८.'हम पंछी उन्म्क्त गगन के ' कविता का प्रतिपाद्य स्पष्ट कीजिए।

9. उत्तरी ईरान के एक प्रांत का गवर्नर बनने के बाद दारा ने अपना दायित्व किस प्रकार निभाया ?

10. T-177, रामालय कॉलोनी,बांँकुड़ा का निवासी श्री जीतेन्द्र की ओर से किसी दैनिक पत्र के संपादक को (80-100 शब्दों में) पत्र लिखिए,जिसमें नगर में स्थान -स्थान पर घूमने वाले आवारा पशुओं की समस्या पर जनता तथा अधिकारियों का ध्यान खींचा गया हो।

क्रियाकलाप:-

- *ग्रामीण जीवन पर आधारित एक सुंदर एवं आकर्षक चित्र बनाकर 'ग्राम्य जीवन' पर 80-100 शब्दों में एक अनुच्छेद लिखिए।
- * उपर्युक्त क्रियाकलाप चार्ट पेपर के चौथे भाग पर सजाकर पूरा कीजिए।

DAV PUBLIC SCHOOL, DVC, MTPS, BANKURA

HOLIDAY HOME WORK

CLASS: VIII (MATHEMATICS)

3. Answer the following questions.

- i) Expand the following, using suitable identities. $(0.9p 0.5q)^2$.
- ii) If area of the square is $x^2-8x+16$ then find out the sides of the square.
- Iii) Find the value of following cube root of: 27×2744
- iv) If x+1/x=9, find the value of x^2+1/x^2 .
- v)) Find out the square root of 90 by estimation method.

D.A.V. PUBLIC SCHOOL, DVC, MTPS

HOLIDAY HOMEWORK

SESSION: 2024-2025

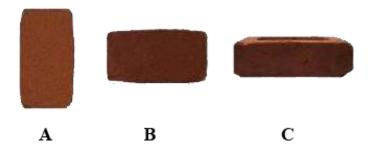
CLASS: VIII

SECTION - A

SUBJECT: PHYSICS

> Select the correct answer:

1. A brick is kept in three different ways on a table as shown below. The pressure exerted by the brick on the table will be



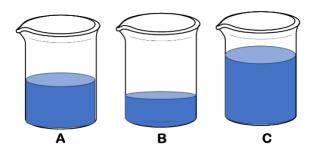
(a) maximum in position A

(b) maximum in position B

(c) maximum in position C

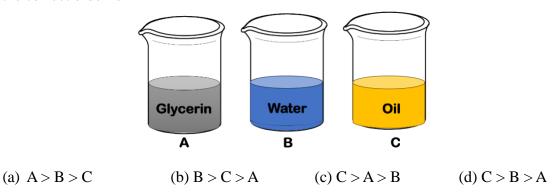
(d) equal in all cases

2. Three containers of same sizes contain different amount of water as shown in figure. If we arrange the containers based on decreasing hydraulic pressure at the bottom of containers, the correct order is

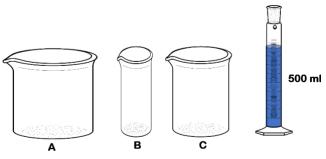


- (a) C > B > A
- (b) B > C > A
- (c) A > C > B
- (d) C > A > B

3. Three containers of same sizes contain different liquids of same volume as shown in figure. If we arrange the containers based on decreasing hydraulic pressure at the bottom of containers, the correct order is

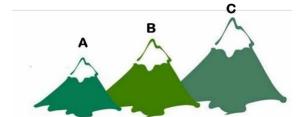


4. There are three containers of different sizes as shown in figure. If we pour 500 ml of water to each container the correct sequence of the containers, based on decreasing hydraulic pressure at the bottom of containers, is



- (a) A > B > C
- (b) B > C > A
- (c) C > A > B
- (d) C > B > A

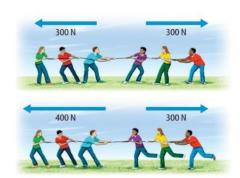
5. There are three peaks of a mountain range as shown in figure. Select the correct statement from following possibilities.



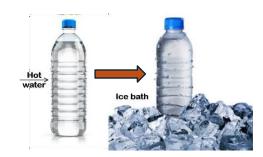
- (a) Atmospheric pressure at peak C is more than that at peak B
- (b) Atmospheric pressure at peak A is less than that at peak C
- (c) There is no difference in atmospheric pressure at all peaks
- (d) Atmospheric pressure at peak B is more than that at peak C but is less than that at peak A

> Answer the following short answer type questions:

- 6. Two persons are applying forces on two opposite sides of a moving cart. The cart still moves with the same speed in the same direction. What do you infer about the magnitudes and direction of the forces applied?
- 7. In a game of tug of war two situations are described by this figure. Find the net force and direction of movement of the rope for each situation.



8. Suppose hot water is kept inside a closed plastic bottle. Then this plastic bottle is placed in an ice bath. Describe your observation and explain it.



SECTION - B

CHEMISTRY

A. Select and write one most appropriate option out of the four options given for each of the following questions

- 1. The first well oil was drilled in
- (a) USA
- (b) USSR
- (c) UK
- (d) India
- 2. What are the primary elements of LPG and CNG
- (a)Butane and hexane
- (b) Methane and hexane

- (c)Methane and butane
- (d) None of the above
 - B. Assertion Reasoning based questions.

These consist of two statements – Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Answer these questions selecting the appropriate option given below:

- (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- (b) Both A and R are true and R is not the correct explanation of A
- (c) A is true but R is false
- (d) A is False but R is true
 - 1. **Assertion**: Coal is a fossil fuel.

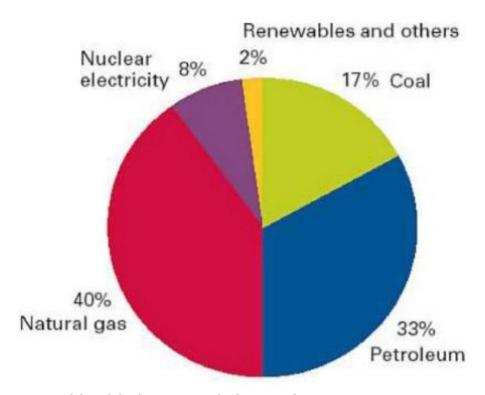
Reason :It is formed due to compression of organic material over millions of

years.

Assertion: Sunlight and air are inexhaustible sources of energy.
 Reason: These resources are present in unlimited quantities in nature and arenot likely to be exhausted by human activities.

C. Case study-based Question:

1.This is a pie chart about energy sources in the country X in the year 2015. Examine it and answer the following questions given below.



a) What percentage of fossil fuels consumed that year?

- (b) Do you find that renewable sources played an important role in the country? Give reason for your answer.
- (c) Mention the names of fossil fuels used by this country.
- (d) Which fossil fuel used by the country X is a cleaner fuel?

SECTION C (BIOLOGY)

MCQ type questions:

- 1. Cell walls is found in
 - a. plant cells only
 - b. animal cells only
 - c. both (a) and (b)
 - d. none of them
- 2. The organelle associated with different colour pigments in plants are
 - a. Mitochondria
 - b. chromoplast
 - c. leucoplast
 - d. none of these
- 3. Microorganisms that causes disease are also known as
 - a. pathogens
 - b. fungi
 - c. antigen
 - d. microbes

The question below consists of an assertion and a Reason. Use the following key to choose the appropriate answer.

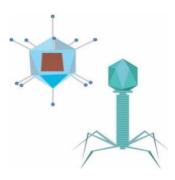
- (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- (b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- (c) A is true but R is false.
- (d) A is false but R is true.
- 4. Assertion (A): Number of cells in a living body in directly proportional to the size of the body Reason (R): All cells are of similar shape and size in human body.
 - a. Both A and R are true and R is correct explanation of A
 - b. Both A and R are true and R is not the correct explanation of A
 - c. A is true and R is false
 - d. A is false and R is true.

5. Assertion (A): Microorganisms are generally observed under microscope.

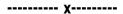
Reason(R): They are microscopic in nature.

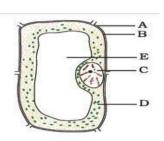
- a. Both A and R are true and R is correct explanation of A
- b. Both A and R are true and R is not the correct explanation of A
- c. A is true and R is false
- d. A is false and R is true.
- 6. The following image given is neither a living nor a non living thing.

Identify the organism and state two features of it.



- 7. Label the parts in the given diagram.
 - i) Which controls the entry and exit of cellular substances.
 - ii)Which keeps the cell turgid.





D.A.V. Public School, DVC, MTPS, Bankura – 722183

Academic Session: 2024 – 2025

Class: VIII Subject: Social Science

Summer Vacation Holiday Home Work

	a) Rotation of crops, strip cropping				
	c)The examples of mankind's unwis	ng.			
	d) The land use pattern is determined by the continuous interplay of the physical and human factors.				
Q.2	Match the following:			1	
	Column -A	Column -B			
	A) Black Soil	i) Quick formation of soil			
	B) Rajasthan	ii) Rich humus content			
	C) Nile Delta	iii) Lava Rock			
	D) Dense forested area	iv) Deep fertile soil			
	a) A-iv;B-i;C-ii;D-iii				
	b) A – iii ; B – i ; C – iv ; D –	- ii			
	C) A - i ; B - ii ; C - iii ; D - iv				
	d) A - ii ; B – iii ; C – iv ; D - i				
Q.3	Correct and rewrite the answer.			1	
	Terrace farming and contour ploug	hing should be encouraged across the plain region.			
Q.4	Fill in the gaps :			1	
	93% : :: 7%				
Q.5	Assertion (A)-In countries that	nt have adopted a democratic form of gover	nment or polity	1	
	Reason (R)-In a democracy, king choose our leaders so that they can exercise power responsibly on our behalf				
	 a) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is the correct explanation of (A) b) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A) c) (A) is true but (R) is false. d) (A) is false but (R) is true. 				

Q.6	Assertion (A)-Constitution plays a crucial role in laying out certain important guidelines that govern decision-making within these societies. Reason (R)- The Constitution usually contains rules that ensure that minorities are not excluded from anything that is routinely available to the majority.	1
Q. 7	 a) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is the correct explanation of (A) b) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A) c) (A) is true but (R) is false. d) (A) is false but (R) is true. 3) If a 13-year old child is working in a factory, what is it called? 	1
	(a) Freedom to education	
	(b) Child labour	
	(c) Both (a) and (b)	
	(d) None of these	
Q.8	Name the author of the book "The Call to Young India" i.) Bal Gangadhar Tilak ii.) Sarojini Naidu iii.)Mahatma Gandhi iv.) Lala Lajpat Rai	1
Q.9	Identify this historical place in the image and mention the importance of it	
		2

0.10	a) Compare the soil sover of Northern Diving and the Himpleyer in respect of top graphy	(2.2)
Q.10	a) Compare the soil cover of Northern Plains and the Himalayas in respect of topography.b) Enlist three measures of prevention of soil from being eroded.	(2+3)
Q.11	Over the years, India has developed its own unique concept of secularism that is fundamentally different from the parallel western concept of secularism. In India, it basically connotes tolerance towards all religions, while in the West it emphasizes a strict separation of religion and the State. Indian secularism allows the idea of state- supported religious reform where the Indian Constitution bans practices such as child marriage, religious taboos and untouchability. Secularism in India refers to the equal treatment of religions by the state. On the other hand, secularism in other democratic countries refers to the complete separation of religion and state.	
	Choose the appropriate answer:	
	A. Indian secularism is different from other democratic countries, as :	
	a) The Indian states can intervene in religious affairs.	
	b) The Indian states cannot intervene in religious affairs.	
	c) India is the only secular country in the world.	
	d) None of these.	1
	B . What is the purpose of Secularism?	
	 a) To promote justice b) To promote freedom c) To promote equality d) All of the above C. Which of the following is associated with Secularism in India? 	
	a) Seeks to promote equality.b) Prevents undue domination.	

	c) Prevents discrimination.	1
	d) All of the above.	
	Analyse each of the following situations and mention the right/s it relates to:	
	a) A woman appeals to court because she is not being paid the same wages as her male colleagues.	
	b) The residence of the neighbourhood from a nature club are working on publishing a journal to promote conservation of nature.	1
	Conservation of mature.	
Q.12	Analyse each of the following situations and mention the right/s it relates to :	
Q.12		
	a) A woman appeals to court because she is not being paid the same wages as her male colleagues.	2
	The residence of the neighbourhood from a nature club are working on publishing a journal to promote conservation of	
	nature.	
	PROJECT WORK:	
	FNOJECI WONK.	
	Prepare infographic presentation on the topic – "INDIAN CONSTITUTION - AT A GLANCE"	

MAP WORK	
Locate and level in an Indian political map —	
a) Nearest dam of your area.	
b) Regions of heavy rainfall in India where soluble rock material easily gets dissolved	
c) Northern Plains -thick soil cover region	
d) Himalayan Regions- thin soil cover region	
e) The state in India where we found quick formation of soil.	
f) World's largest delta	
Locate and level in a political world map	
a)Nile delta	
b) Surinam	
c) United States	

D.A.V PUBLIC SCHOOL, DVC, MTPS HOLIDAY HOMEWORK

Session – 2024-2025

Class : VIII Subject: Sanskrit

1. अधोलिखितं गद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखन्तु-



चटका काकस्य सहर्षं स्वागतं करोति। सर्वं च अवगम्य कथयति-"भ्रातः! चिन्तां मा कुर। अहं सर्वम् अवगच्छामि। अहं तव प्रतिक्षायाम् आसम्। अन्तः आगच्छतु।" काकः लिज्जितः भवति। चटका कथयति- चिन्तां त्यजतु। आनन्देन भोजनं करोतु, वर्षापर्यन्तम् आवां मिलित्वा स्थास्यावः,गृहनिर्माणं करिष्यावःच। काकः चिन्तयति- " अहं तु स्वार्थी अस्मि परम् एषा उदारहृदया अस्ति।वर्षाकालात् अनन्तरं काकः पुनः नवीनगृहस्य निर्माणम् चटकायाः साहाय्येन अकरोत्।

1. प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि पूर्णवाक्येन लिखन्तु-

- क) 'अहं तव प्रतिक्षायाम् आसम्"- अत्र वक्ता कस्य प्रतिक्षायाम् आसीत्?
- ख) उदारहृदया कस्याः विशेषणम् अस्ति?
- ग) 'अवगच्छामि' इति पदं उपसर्गात् पृथक् कृत्वा लिखत।
- घ) चटकायाः साहाय्येन काकः कस्य निर्माणम् अकरोत्?
- ङ) 'त्यजतु' इति क्रियापदे कः लकारः?

2. अधोलिखितानि स्थूलपदानि आधृत्य प्रश्ननिर्माणं कुर्वन्तु-

- क) काकः मृतिकया गृहं निर्मितवान् ।
- ख) काकः **शरणार्थं** चटकायाः गृहम् अगच्छत् ।

एकपदेन उत्तरत-

क) ये धनं मानं च इच्छन्ति-

- ख) ये सन्मित्रस्य लक्षणं प्रवदन्ति-
- ग) ये न्यायात्पथः पदं न प्रविचलन्ति-_____

3. उचितं विकल्पं चित्वा लिखत-

- क) अभिकथनम् शुद्धम् अस्ति, तर्कः अशुद्धः अस्ति।
- ख) तर्कः शुद्धः अस्ति, अभिकथनम् अशुद्धम् अस्ति।
- ग) उभौ शुद्धौ ।
- घ) उभौ अंशुद्धौ।

I अभि: चटका शरणार्थं काकस्य समीपम् अगच्छत्।

तर्कः वर्षाकाले अतिवृष्टेः कारणात् चटाकायाः गृहं नष्टम् अभवत्।

II अभि: काकः लज्जितः अभवत्।

तर्कः चटका काकस्य स्वागतं कृत्वा शरणम् अयच्छत्।

III अभि: काकः प्नः नवीनगृहस्य निर्माणम् अकरोत्।

तर्कः चटका गृहनिर्माणे काकस्य साहाय्यं न अकरोत्।

9. निम्नलिखितानि रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयन्तु-

तदा + एव =	द्यैव = +	रामयाः(पर्यायपद)
+ क्त्वा =	+ आप् +क्त्वा/तुमुन्=	न्नः(विपरीतपद)
भिमानी	ग्रीष्मकाले	चटका
विशेष्यः)	(विशेषणम्)	सर्वनाम)

10. क्ता-प्रत्ययान्तं ल्यप्-प्रत्ययान्तं च पदानि अधिकृत्य मीन-आरेखस्य निर्माणं क्रुत।

मीन- आरेखः

